

RINA VON ZAUBERWALD

Veterinary Report by Embark

embarkvet.com

Test Date: May 27th, 2024

Customer-supplied information

Owner Name: Suzanne van der Kraan

Dog Name: Rina von Zauberwald

Sex: Female (intact)

Date of birth: 03/06/23

Breed type: purebred

Breed: Poodle (Small)

Breed registration: N/A

Microchip: N/A

Genetic summary

Genetic breed identification:

Poodle (Small)

Predicted adult weight: **12 lbs**

Calculated from 17 size genes.

Breed ancestry:

 **Poodle (Small): 100.0%**

Life stage: **Young adult**

Based on date of birth provided.

Health Report

How to interpret Rina von Zauberwald's genetic health results:

If Rina von Zauberwald inherited any of the variants that we tested, they will be listed at the top of the Health Report section, along with a description of how to interpret this result. We also include all of the variants that we tested Rina von Zauberwald for that we did not detect the risk variant for.

A genetic test is not a diagnosis

This genetic test does not diagnose a disease. Please talk to your vet about your dog's genetic results, or if you think that your pet may have a health condition or disease.

Summary

Of the 265 genetic health risks we analyzed, we found 3 results that you should learn about.

Increased risk results (1)

Intervertebral Disc Disease (Type I)

Notable results (2)

Copper Toxicosis (Attenuating)

Degenerative Myelopathy, DM

Clear results

Breed-relevant (5)

Other (256)

Health Report

BREED-RELEVANT RESULTS

Research studies indicate that these results are more relevant to dogs like Rina von Zauberwald, and may influence her chances of developing certain health conditions.

 Intervertebral Disc Disease (Type I) (FGF4 retrogene - CFA12)	Increased risk
 GM2 Gangliosidosis (HEXB, Poodle Variant)	Clear
 Neonatal Encephalopathy with Seizures, NEWS (ATF2)	Clear
 Osteochondrodysplasia (SLC13A1, Poodle Variant)	Clear
 Progressive Retinal Atrophy, prcd (PRCD Exon 1)	Clear
 Von Willebrand Disease Type I, Type I vWD (VWF)	Clear

Health Report

OTHER RESULTS

Research has not yet linked these conditions to dogs with similar breeds to Rina von Zauberwald. Review any increased risk or notable results to understand her potential risk and recommendations.

<input type="radio"/> -	Copper Toxicosis (Attenuating) (ATP7A, Labrador Retriever)	Notable
<input type="radio"/> -	Degenerative Myelopathy, DM (SOD1A)	Notable
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	2-DHA Kidney & Bladder Stones (APRT)	Clear
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Acral Mutilation Syndrome (GDNF-AS, Spaniel and Pointer Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Alaskan Husky Encephalopathy (SLC19A3)	Clear
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Alaskan Malamute Polyneuropathy, AMPN (NDRG1 SNP)	Clear
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Alexander Disease (GFAP)	Clear
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	ALT Activity (GPT)	Clear
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Anhidrotic Ectodermal Dysplasia (EDA Intron 8)	Clear
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Autosomal Dominant Progressive Retinal Atrophy (RHO)	Clear
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Bald Thigh Syndrome (IGFBP5)	Clear
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Bernard-Soulier Syndrome, BSS (GP9, Cocker Spaniel Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Bully Whippet Syndrome (MSTN)	Clear
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Canine Elliptocytosis (SPTB Exon 30)	Clear
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Canine Fucosidosis (FUCA1)	Clear
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Canine Leukocyte Adhesion Deficiency Type I, CLAD I (ITGB2, Setter Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Canine Leukocyte Adhesion Deficiency Type III, CLAD III (FERMT3, German Shepherd Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Canine Multifocal Retinopathy, cmr1 (BEST1 Exon 2)	Clear

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<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Canine Multifocal Retinopathy, cmr2 (BEST1 Exon 5, Coton de Tulear Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Canine Multifocal Retinopathy, cmr3 (BEST1 Exon 10 Deletion, Finnish and Swedish Lapphund, Laponian Herder Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Canine Multiple System Degeneration (SERAC1 Exon 4, Chinese Crested Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Canine Multiple System Degeneration (SERAC1 Exon 15, Kerry Blue Terrier Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cardiomyopathy and Juvenile Mortality (YARS2)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Centronuclear Myopathy, CNM (PTPLA)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cerebellar Hypoplasia (VLDLR, Eurasier Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Chondrodystrophy (ITGA10, Norwegian Elkhound and Karelian Bear Dog Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cleft Lip and/or Cleft Palate (ADAMTS20, Nova Scotia Duck Tolling Retriever Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cleft Palate, CP1 (DLX6 intron 2, Nova Scotia Duck Tolling Retriever Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cobalamin Malabsorption (CUBN Exon 8, Beagle Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cobalamin Malabsorption (CUBN Exon 53, Border Collie Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Collie Eye Anomaly (NHEJ1)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Complement 3 Deficiency, C3 Deficiency (C3)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Congenital Cornification Disorder (NSDHL, Chihuahua Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Congenital Hypothyroidism (TPO, Rat, Toy, Hairless Terrier Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Congenital Hypothyroidism (TPO, Tenterfield Terrier Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Congenital Hypothyroidism with Goiter (TPO Intron 13, French Bulldog Variant)	Clear

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<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Congenital Hypothyroidism with Goiter (SLC5A5, Shih Tzu Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Congenital Macrothrombocytopenia (TUBB1 Exon 1, Cairn and Norfolk Terrier Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome, CMS (COLQ, Labrador Retriever Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome, CMS (COLQ, Golden Retriever Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome, CMS (CHAT, Old Danish Pointing Dog Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome, CMS (CHRNE, Jack Russell Terrier Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Congenital Stationary Night Blindness (LRIT3, Beagle Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Congenital Stationary Night Blindness (RPE65, Briard Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Copper Toxicosis (Accumulating) (ATP7B)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Copper Toxicosis (Attenuating) (RETN, Labrador Retriever)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Craniomandibular Osteopathy, CMO (SLC37A2)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Craniomandibular Osteopathy, CMO (SLC37A2 Intron 16, Basset Hound Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cystinuria Type I-A (SLC3A1, Newfoundland Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cystinuria Type II-A (SLC3A1, Australian Cattle Dog Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cystinuria Type II-B (SLC7A9, Miniature Pinscher Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Darier Disease (ATP2A2, Irish Terrier Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Day Blindness (CNGB3 Deletion, Alaskan Malamute Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Day Blindness (CNGA3 Exon 7, German Shepherd Variant)	Clear

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OTHER RESULTS

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Day Blindness (CNGA3 Exon 7, Labrador Retriever Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Day Blindness (CNGB3 Exon 6, German Shorthaired Pointer Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deafness and Vestibular Syndrome of Dobermans, DVDOB, DINGS (MYO7A)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (SBF2/MTRM13)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dental-Skeletal-Retinal Anomaly (MIA3, Cane Corso Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Diffuse Cystic Renal Dysplasia and Hepatic Fibrosis (INPP5E Intron 9, Norwich Terrier Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dilated Cardiomyopathy, DCM (RBM20, Schnauzer Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dilated Cardiomyopathy, DCM1 (PDK4, Doberman Pinscher Variant 1)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dilated Cardiomyopathy, DCM2 (TTN, Doberman Pinscher Variant 2)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Disproportionate Dwarfism (PRKG2, Dogo Argentino Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry Eye Curly Coat Syndrome (FAM83H Exon 5)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa (COL7A1, Central Asian Shepherd Dog Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa (COL7A1, Golden Retriever Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Early Bilateral Deafness (LOXHD1 Exon 38, Rottweiler Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Early Onset Adult Deafness, EOAD (EPS8L2 Deletion, Rhodesian Ridgeback Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Early Onset Cerebellar Ataxia (SEL1L, Finnish Hound Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ehlers Danlos (ADAMTS2, Doberman Pinscher Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ehlers-Danlos Syndrome (EDS) (COL5A1, Labrador Retriever Variant)	Clear

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OTHER RESULTS

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enamel Hypoplasia (ENAM Deletion, Italian Greyhound Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enamel Hypoplasia (ENAM SNP, Parson Russell Terrier Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Episodic Falling Syndrome (BCAN)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Exercise-Induced Collapse, EIC (DNM1)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Factor VII Deficiency (F7 Exon 5)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Factor XI Deficiency (F11 Exon 7, Kerry Blue Terrier Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Familial Nephropathy (COL4A4 Exon 3, Cocker Spaniel Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Familial Nephropathy (COL4A4 Exon 30, English Springer Spaniel Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fanconi Syndrome (FAN1, Basenji Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fetal-Onset Neonatal Neuroaxonal Dystrophy (MFN2, Giant Schnauzer Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Glanzmann's Thrombasthenia Type I (ITGA2B Exon 13, Great Pyrenees Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Glanzmann's Thrombasthenia Type I (ITGA2B Exon 12, Otterhound Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Globoid Cell Leukodystrophy, Krabbe disease (GALC Exon 5, Terrier Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Glycogen Storage Disease Type IA, Von Gierke Disease, GSD IA (G6PC, Maltese Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Glycogen Storage Disease Type IIIA, GSD IIIA (AGL, Curly Coated Retriever Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Glycogen storage disease Type VII, Phosphofructokinase Deficiency, PFK Deficiency (PFKM, Whippet and English Springer Spaniel Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Glycogen storage disease Type VII, Phosphofructokinase Deficiency, PFK Deficiency (PFKM, Wachtelhund Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GM1 Gangliosidosis (GLB1 Exon 2, Portuguese Water Dog Variant)	Clear

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<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GM1 Gangliosidosis (GLB1 Exon 15, Shiba Inu Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GM1 Gangliosidosis (GLB1 Exon 15, Alaskan Husky Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GM2 Gangliosidosis (HEXA, Japanese Chin Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Golden Retriever Progressive Retinal Atrophy 1, GR-PRA1 (SLC4A3)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Golden Retriever Progressive Retinal Atrophy 2, GR-PRA2 (TTC8)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Goniodysgenesis and Glaucoma, Pectinate Ligament Dysplasia, PLD (OLFM3)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hemophilia A (F8 Exon 11, German Shepherd Variant 1)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hemophilia A (F8 Exon 1, German Shepherd Variant 2)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hemophilia A (F8 Exon 10, Boxer Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hemophilia B (F9 Exon 7, Terrier Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hemophilia B (F9 Exon 7, Rhodesian Ridgeback Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hereditary Ataxia, Cerebellar Degeneration (RAB24, Old English Sheepdog and Gordon Setter Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hereditary Cataracts (HSF4 Exon 9, Australian Shepherd Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hereditary Footpad Hyperkeratosis (FAM83G, Terrier and Kromfohrlander Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hereditary Footpad Hyperkeratosis (DSG1, Rottweiler Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hereditary Nasal Parakeratosis (SUV39H2 Intron 4, Greyhound Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hereditary Nasal Parakeratosis, HNPK (SUV39H2)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hereditary Vitamin D-Resistant Rickets (VDR)	Clear

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<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hypocatalasia, Acatalasemia (CAT)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hypomyelination and Tremors (FNIP2, Weimaraner Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hypophosphatasia (ALPL Exon 9, Karelian Bear Dog Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ichthyosis (NIPAL4, American Bulldog Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ichthyosis (ASPRV1 Exon 2, German Shepherd Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ichthyosis (SLC27A4, Great Dane Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ichthyosis, Epidermolytic Hyperkeratosis (KRT10, Terrier Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ichthyosis, ICH1 (PNPLA1, Golden Retriever Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ichthyosis, ICH2 (ABHD5, Golden Retriever Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Inflammatory Myopathy (SLC25A12)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Inherited Myopathy of Great Danes (BIN1)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Inherited Selected Cobalamin Malabsorption with Proteinuria (CUBN, Komondor Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Intestinal Lipid Malabsorption (ACSL5, Australian Kelpie)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa (LAMA3 Exon 66, Australian Cattle Dog Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa (LAMB3 Exon 11, Australian Shepherd Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Juvenile Epilepsy (LGI2)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Juvenile Laryngeal Paralysis and Polyneuropathy (RAB3GAP1, Rottweiler Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Juvenile Myoclonic Epilepsy (DIRAS1)	Clear

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OTHER RESULTS

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> L-2-Hydroxyglutaricaciduria, L2HGA (L2HGDH, Staffordshire Bull Terrier Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lagotto Storage Disease (ATG4D)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Laryngeal Paralysis (RAPGEF6, Miniature Bull Terrier Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Late Onset Spinocerebellar Ataxia (CAPN1)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Late-Onset Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis, NCL 12 (ATP13A2, Australian Cattle Dog Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Leonberger Polyneuropathy 1 (LPN1, ARHGEF10)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Leonberger Polyneuropathy 2 (GJA9)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lethal Acrodermatitis, LAD (MKLN1)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Leukodystrophy (TSEN54 Exon 5, Standard Schnauzer Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ligneous Membranitis, LM (PLG)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Limb Girdle Muscular Dystrophy (SGCD, Boston Terrier Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Limb-Girdle Muscular Dystrophy 2D (SGCA Exon 3, Miniature Dachshund Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Long QT Syndrome (KCNQ1)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lundehund Syndrome (LEPREL1)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Macular Corneal Dystrophy, MCD (CHST6)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Malignant Hyperthermia (RYR1)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> May-Hegglin Anomaly (MYH9)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medium-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency, MCADD (ACADM, Cavalier King Charles Spaniel Variant)	Clear

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<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Methemoglobinemia (CYB5R3, Pit Bull Terrier Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Methemoglobinemia (CYB5R3)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Microphthalmia (RBP4 Exon 2, Soft Coated Wheaten Terrier Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mucopolysaccharidosis IIIB, Sanfilippo Syndrome Type B, MPS IIIB (NAGLU, Schipperke Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IIIA, Sanfilippo Syndrome Type A, MPS IIIA (SGSH Exon 6, Dachshund Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IIIA, Sanfilippo Syndrome Type A, MPS IIIA (SGSH Exon 6, New Zealand Huntaway Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mucopolysaccharidosis Type VI, Maroteaux-Lamy Syndrome, MPS VI (ARSB Exon 5, Miniature Pinscher Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mucopolysaccharidosis Type VII, Sly Syndrome, MPS VII (GUSB Exon 3, German Shepherd Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mucopolysaccharidosis Type VII, Sly Syndrome, MPS VII (GUSB Exon 5, Terrier Brasileiro Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Multiple Drug Sensitivity (ABCB1)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Muscular Dystrophy (DMD, Cavalier King Charles Spaniel Variant 1)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Muscular Dystrophy (DMD, Golden Retriever Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Musladin-Lueke Syndrome, MLS (ADAMTSL2)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Myasthenia Gravis-Like Syndrome (CHRNE, Heideterrier Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Myotonia Congenita (CLCN1 Exon 23, Australian Cattle Dog Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Myotonia Congenita (CLCN1 Exon 19, Labrador Retriever Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Myotonia Congenita (CLCN1 Exon 7, Miniature Schnauzer Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Narcolepsy (HCRT2 Exon 1, Dachshund Variant)	Clear

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<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Narcolepsy (HCRT2 Intron 4, Doberman Pinscher Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Narcolepsy (HCRT2 Intron 6, Labrador Retriever Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Nemaline Myopathy (NEB, American Bulldog Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Neonatal Cerebellar Cortical Degeneration (SPTBN2, Beagle Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Neonatal Interstitial Lung Disease (LAMP3)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Neuroaxonal Dystrophy, NAD (VPS11, Rottweiler Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Neuroaxonal Dystrophy, NAD (TECPR2, Spanish Water Dog Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 1, NCL 1 (PPT1 Exon 8, Dachshund Variant 1)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 10, NCL 10 (CTSD Exon 5, American Bulldog Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 2, NCL 2 (TPP1 Exon 4, Dachshund Variant 2)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 5, NCL 5 (CLN5 Exon 4 SNP, Border Collie Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 5, NCL 5 (CLN5 Exon 4 Deletion, Golden Retriever Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 6, NCL 6 (CLN6 Exon 7, Australian Shepherd Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 7, NCL 7 (MFSD8, Chihuahua and Chinese Crested Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 8, NCL 8 (CLN8, Australian Shepherd Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 8, NCL 8 (CLN8 Exon 2, English Setter Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 8, NCL 8 (CLN8 Insertion, Saluki Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis, Cerebellar Ataxia, NCL4A (ARSG Exon 2, American Staffordshire Terrier Variant)	Clear

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OTHER RESULTS

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oculocutaneous Albinism, OCA (SLC45A2 Exon 6, Bullmastiff Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oculocutaneous Albinism, OCA (SLC45A2, Small Breed Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oculoskeletal Dysplasia 2 (COL9A2, Samoyed Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Osteogenesis Imperfecta (COL1A2, Beagle Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Osteogenesis Imperfecta (SERPINH1, Dachshund Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Osteogenesis Imperfecta (COL1A1, Golden Retriever Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> P2Y12 Receptor Platelet Disorder (P2Y12)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pachyonychia Congenita (KRT16, Dogue de Bordeaux Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Paroxysmal Dyskinesia, PxD (PIGN)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Persistent Mullerian Duct Syndrome, PMDS (AMHR2)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pituitary Dwarfism (POU1F1 Intron 4, Karelian Bear Dog Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Platelet Factor X Receptor Deficiency, Scott Syndrome (TMEM16F)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Polycystic Kidney Disease, PKD (PKD1)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pompe's Disease (GAA, Finnish and Swedish Lapphund, Lapponian Herder Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prekallikrein Deficiency (KLKB1 Exon 8)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Primary Ciliary Dyskinesia, PCD (NME5, Alaskan Malamute Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Primary Ciliary Dyskinesia, PCD (STK36, Australian Shepherd Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Primary Ciliary Dyskinesia, PCD (CCDC39 Exon 3, Old English Sheepdog Variant)	Clear

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<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Primary Hyperoxaluria (AGXT)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Primary Lens Luxation (ADAMTS17)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Primary Open Angle Glaucoma (ADAMTS17 Exon 11, Basset Fauve de Bretagne Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Primary Open Angle Glaucoma (ADAMTS10 Exon 17, Beagle Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Primary Open Angle Glaucoma (ADAMTS10 Exon 9, Norwegian Elkhound Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Primary Open Angle Glaucoma and Primary Lens Luxation (ADAMTS17 Exon 2, Chinese Shar-Pei Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Progressive Retinal Atrophy (SAG)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Progressive Retinal Atrophy (IFT122 Exon 26, Lapponian Herder Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Progressive Retinal Atrophy, Bardet-Biedl Syndrome (BBS2 Exon 11, Shetland Sheepdog Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Progressive Retinal Atrophy, CNGA (CNGA1 Exon 9)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Progressive Retinal Atrophy, crd1 (PDE6B, American Staffordshire Terrier Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Progressive Retinal Atrophy, crd4/cord1 (RPGRIP1)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Progressive Retinal Atrophy, PRA1 (CNGB1)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Progressive Retinal Atrophy, PRA3 (FAM161A)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Progressive Retinal Atrophy, rcd1 (PDE6B Exon 21, Irish Setter Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Progressive Retinal Atrophy, rcd3 (PDE6A)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Proportionate Dwarfism (GH1 Exon 5, Chihuahua Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protein Losing Nephropathy, PLN (NPHS1)	Clear

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<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pyruvate Dehydrogenase Deficiency (PDP1, Spaniel Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pyruvate Kinase Deficiency (PKLR Exon 5, Basenji Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pyruvate Kinase Deficiency (PKLR Exon 7, Beagle Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pyruvate Kinase Deficiency (PKLR Exon 10, Terrier Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pyruvate Kinase Deficiency (PKLR Exon 7, Labrador Retriever Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pyruvate Kinase Deficiency (PKLR Exon 7, Pug Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Raine Syndrome (FAM20C)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Recurrent Inflammatory Pulmonary Disease, RIPD (AKNA, Rough Collie Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Renal Cystadenocarcinoma and Nodular Dermatofibrosis (FLCN Exon 7)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Retina Dysplasia and/or Optic Nerve Hypoplasia (SIX6 Exon 1, Golden Retriever Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sensory Neuropathy (FAM134B, Border Collie Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Severe Combined Immunodeficiency, SCID (PRKDC, Terrier Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Severe Combined Immunodeficiency, SCID (RAG1, Wetterhoun Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Shaking Puppy Syndrome (PLP1, English Springer Spaniel Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Shar-Pei Autoinflammatory Disease, SPAID, Shar-Pei Fever (MTBP)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Skeletal Dysplasia 2, SD2 (COL11A2, Labrador Retriever Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Skin Fragility Syndrome (PKP1, Chesapeake Bay Retriever Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Spinocerebellar Ataxia (SCN8A, Alpine Dachsbracke Variant)	Clear

Health Report

OTHER RESULTS

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Spinocerebellar Ataxia with Myokymia and/or Seizures (KCNJ10)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Spongy Degeneration with Cerebellar Ataxia 1 (KCNJ10)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Spongy Degeneration with Cerebellar Ataxia 2 (ATP1B2)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stargardt Disease (ABCA4 Exon 28, Labrador Retriever Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Succinic Semialdehyde Dehydrogenase Deficiency (ALDH5A1 Exon 7, Saluki Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Thrombopathia (RASGRP1 Exon 5, American Eskimo Dog Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Thrombopathia (RASGRP1 Exon 5, Basset Hound Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Thrombopathia (RASGRP1 Exon 8, Landseer Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Trapped Neutrophil Syndrome, TNS (VPS13B)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ullrich-like Congenital Muscular Dystrophy (COL6A3 Exon 10, Labrador Retriever Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ullrich-like Congenital Muscular Dystrophy (COL6A1 Exon 3, Landseer Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Unilateral Deafness and Vestibular Syndrome (PTPRQ Exon 39, Doberman Pinscher)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Urate Kidney & Bladder Stones (SLC2A9)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Von Willebrand Disease Type II, Type II vWD (VWF, Pointer Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Von Willebrand Disease Type III, Type III vWD (VWF Exon 4, Terrier Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Von Willebrand Disease Type III, Type III vWD (VWF Intron 16, Nederlandse Kooikerhondje Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Von Willebrand Disease Type III, Type III vWD (VWF Exon 7, Shetland Sheepdog Variant)	Clear
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> X-Linked Hereditary Nephropathy, XLHN (COL4A5 Exon 35, Samoyed Variant 2)	Clear

Health Report

OTHER RESULTS

✓ X-Linked Myotubular Myopathy (MTM1, Labrador Retriever Variant)	Clear
✓ X-Linked Progressive Retinal Atrophy 1, XL-PRA1 (RPGR)	Clear
✓ X-linked Severe Combined Immunodeficiency, X-SCID (IL2RG Exon 1, Basset Hound Variant)	Clear
✓ X-linked Severe Combined Immunodeficiency, X-SCID (IL2RG, Corgi Variant)	Clear
✓ Xanthine Urolithiasis (XDH, Mixed Breed Variant)	Clear
✓ β -Mannosidosis (MANBA Exon 16, Mixed-Breed Variant)	Clear
Mast Cell Tumor	No result

Health Report

HEALTH REPORT

Increased risk result

Intervertebral Disc Disease (Type I)

Rina von Zauberwald inherited one copy of the variant we tested for Chondrodystrophy and Intervertebral Disc Disease, CDDY/IVDD, Type I IVDD

Rina von Zauberwald is at increased risk for Type I IVDD

How to interpret this result

Rina von Zauberwald has one copy of an FGF4 retrogene on chromosome 12. In some breeds such as Beagles, Cocker Spaniels, and Dachshunds (among others) this variant is found in nearly all dogs. While those breeds are known to have an elevated risk of IVDD, many dogs in those breeds never develop IVDD. For mixed breed dogs and purebreds of other breeds where this variant is not as common, risk for Type I IVDD is greater for individuals with this variant than for similar dogs.

What is Chondrodystrophy and Intervertebral Disc Disease, CDDY/IVDD, Type I IVDD?

Type I Intervertebral Disc Disease (IVDD) is a back/spine issue that refers to a health condition affecting the discs that act as cushions between vertebrae. With Type I IVDD, affected dogs can have a disc event where it ruptures or herniates towards the spinal cord. This pressure on the spinal cord causes neurologic signs which can range from a wobbly gait to impairment of movement. Chondrodystrophy (CDDY) refers to the relative proportion between a dog's legs and body, wherein the legs are shorter and the body longer. There are multiple different variants that can cause a markedly chondrodystrophic appearance as observed in Dachshunds and Corgis. However, this particular variant is the only one known to also increase the risk for IVDD.

When signs & symptoms develop in affected dogs

Signs of CDDY are recognized in puppies as it affects body shape. IVDD is usually first recognized in adult dogs, with breed specific differences in age of onset.

Signs & symptoms

Research indicates that dogs with one or two copies of this variant have a similar risk of developing IVDD. However, there are some breeds (e.g. Beagles and Cocker Spaniels, among others) where this variant has been passed down to nearly all dogs of the breed and most do not show overt clinical signs of the disorder. This suggests that there are other genetic and environmental factors (such as weight, mobility, and family history) that contribute to an individual dog's risk of developing clinical IVDD. Signs of IVDD include neck or back pain, a change in your dog's walking pattern (including dragging of the hind limbs), and paralysis. These signs can be mild to severe, and if your dog starts exhibiting these signs, you should schedule an appointment with your veterinarian for a diagnosis.

How vets diagnose this condition

For CDDY, dogs with one copy of this variant may have mild proportional differences in their leg length. Dogs with two copies of this variant will often have visually longer bodies and shorter legs. For IVDD, a neurological exam will be performed on any dog showing suspicious signs. Based on the result of this exam, radiographs to detect the presence of calcified discs or advanced imaging (MRI/CT) to detect a disc rupture may be recommended.

How this condition is treated

IVDD is treated differently based on the severity of the disease. Mild cases often respond to medical management which includes cage rest and pain management, while severe cases are often treated with surgical intervention. Both conservative and surgical treatment should be followed up with rehabilitation and physical therapy.

Actions to take if your dog is affected

- Follow veterinary advice for diet, weight management, and daily exercise. Overweight dogs and those with insufficient exercise are thought to be at higher risk of developing clinical disease.
- Ramps up to furniture, avoiding flights of stairs, and using a harness on walks will also help minimize some of the risk of an IVDD event by reducing stress on the back.

- In breeds where this variant is extremely common, this genetic health result should not be a deciding factor when evaluating a dog for breeding or adoption purposes.

Health Report

HEALTH REPORT

– Notable result

Copper Toxicosis (Attenuating)

Rina von Zauberwald inherited one copy of the variant we tested for Copper Toxicosis (Attenuating)

Why is this important to your vet?

Rina von Zauberwald has a genotype at the ATP7A gene that modifies and may help mitigate some of the symptoms from dogs with variants at ATP7B (<https://my.embarkvet.com/members/results/health/condition/140102?i=1>). This variant is not associated with an increased risk of any disease. As this variant resides on the X- chromosome, male dogs with one copy of the variant are better protected from copper accumulation due to the ATP7B variant than female dogs with one copy of the variant.

What is Copper Toxicosis (Attenuating)?

The ATP7A variant is considered beneficial and may be best described as a helpful modifier of the harmful copper toxicosis variant ATP7B (<https://my.embarkvet.com/members/results/health/condition/140102?i=1>). The ATP7A variant may help mitigate some of the symptoms of dogs with variants at ATP7B. Dogs with the ATP7A variant have not been observed to have any beneficial or harmful complications if they have two copies of the normal ATP7B variant.

When signs & symptoms develop in affected dogs

A variant in this gene may delay or have no effect on the onset of clinical signs of copper toxicosis in dogs with the ATP7B (<https://my.embarkvet.com/members/results/health/condition/140102?i=1>) variant. If your dog has the ATP7B variant, please read more about the age of onset on the ATP7B page.

How vets diagnose this condition

No diagnostics are required for this variant. If your dog has the ATP7B (<https://my.embarkvet.com/members/results/health/condition/140102?i=1>) variant, please read what diagnostics may be considered on the ATP7B page.

How this condition is treated

No treatment is required for this variant. If your dog has the ATP7B (<https://my.embarkvet.com/members/results/health/condition/140102?i=1>) variant, please read the available treatment on the ATP7B page.

Actions to take if your dog is affected

- No actions are required for dogs with this variant. If your dog has the ATP7B (<https://my.embarkvet.com/members/results/health/condition/140102?i=1>) variant, please read what actions you can take on the ATP7B page.

Health Report

HEALTH REPORT

– Notable result

Degenerative Myelopathy, DM

Rina von Zauberwald inherited both copies of the variant we tested for Degenerative Myelopathy, DM

Rina von Zauberwald is not known to be at increased risk for DM

What does this result mean?

We do not know whether this increases the risk that Rina von Zauberwald will develop Degenerative Myelopathy, DM.

Scientific Basis

Research studies for this variant have been based on dogs of other breeds. Not enough dogs with Rina von Zauberwald's breed have been studied to know whether or not this variant will increase Rina von Zauberwald's risk of developing this disease.

Impact on Breeding

Research into the clinical impact of this variant is ongoing. We recommend tracking this genetic result and incidence of Degenerative Myelopathy, DM in your breeding program and related dogs.

What is Degenerative Myelopathy, DM?

The dog equivalent of Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis, or Lou Gehrig's disease, DM is a progressive degenerative disorder of the spinal cord. Because the nerves that control the hind limbs are the first to degenerate, the most common clinical signs are back muscle wasting and gait abnormalities.

When signs & symptoms develop in affected dogs

Affected dogs do not usually show signs of DM until they are at least 8 years old.

How vets diagnose this condition

Definitive diagnosis requires microscopic analysis of the spinal cord after death. However, veterinarians use clues such as genetic testing, breed, age, and other diagnostics to determine if DM is the most likely cause of your dog's clinical signs.

How this condition is treated

As dogs are seniors at the time of onset, the treatment for DM is aimed towards increasing their comfort through a combination of lifestyle changes, medication, and physical therapy.

Actions to take if your dog is affected

- Giving your dog the best quality of life for as long as possible is all you can do after receiving this diagnosis.

Genetic Diversity and Inbreeding

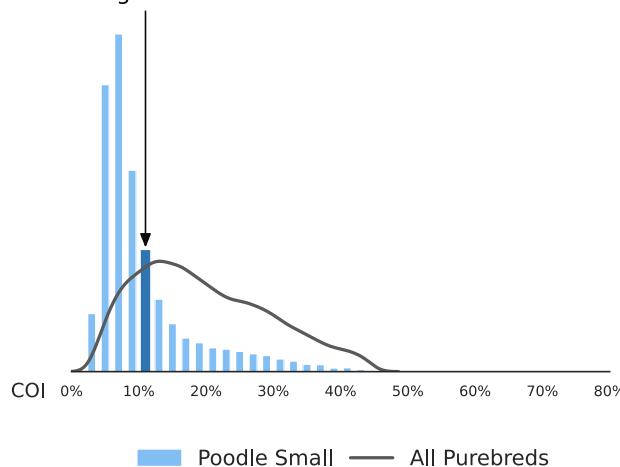
Coefficient of Inbreeding (COI)

Genetic Result: 10%

Our genetic COI measures the proportion of your dog's genome (her genes) where the genes on the mother's side are identical by descent to those on the father's side. The higher your dog's coefficient of inbreeding (the percentage), the more inbred your dog is.

Your Dog's COI

Your Dog's COI: 10%



This graph represents where your dog's inbreeding levels fall on a scale compared to both dogs with a similar breed makeup to her (the blue bars) and all purebred dogs (the grey line).

Genetic Diversity and Inbreeding

More on the Science

Embark scientists, along with our research partners at Cornell University, have shown the impact of inbreeding on longevity and fertility and developed a state-of-the-art, peer-reviewed method for accurately measuring COI and predicting average COI in litters.

Citations

Sams & Boyko 2019 "Fine-Scale Resolution of Runs of Homozygosity Reveal Patterns of Inbreeding and Substantial Overlap with Recessive Disease Genotypes in Domestic Dogs" (<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30429214>)

Chu et al 2019 "Inbreeding depression causes reduced fecundity in Golden Retrievers"
(<https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s00335-019-09805-4>)

Yordy et al 2019 "Body size, inbreeding, and lifespan in domestic dogs" (<https://www.semanticscholar.org/paper/Body-size%2C-inbreeding%2C-and-lifespan-in-domestic-Yordy-Kraus/61d0fa7a71afb26f547f0fb7ff71e23a14d19d2c>)

About Embark

Embark Veterinary is a canine genetics company offering research-grade genetic tests to pet owners and breeders. Every Embark test examines thousands of genetic markers, and provides results for over NaN genetic health conditions, breed identification, clinical tools, and more.

Embark is a research partner of the Cornell University College of Veterinary Medicine and collaborates with scientists and registries to accelerate genetic research in canine health. We make it easy for customers and vets to understand, share and make use of their dog's unique genetic profile to improve canine health and happiness.

Learn more at embarkvet.com

Veterinarians and hospitals can send inquiries to veterinarians@embarkvet.com.